Lyle,

could you please! help stop the good abuse of these sweet, little bridg? 21 '99 APR-5 MO:58
I strongly support! the petition to ban the forced molting of layer hers. docket 98P.0203/CP

Please Lyle I hope you will do something about this! These beings do not deserve to be treated this way, or ask to,
Like the article said The lives of today hers are miserable enough,
I ful empathy diana reese for them! God Bless You 905 N 154 5th mon Valley 10 your



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Each year, something hideous happens in the egg industry. Factory farmers intentionally starve millions of hens for up to eight weeks. This is the birds' story.

growing new ones. During molting season, hens don't produce eggs—an interruption factory farmers find unacceptably unprofitable.

Forced molting throws hens' systems into collapse, stressing and shocking them into losing their feathers quickly and forcing their worn-out bodies into a new laying cycle.

To trick the hens into laying more eggs, they are deprived of food and water for two weeks or more. Our researchers uncovered hundreds of thousands of hens slowly and painfully starving to death as a result of this trauma. Typically, birds who survive grow weak, shed all their feathers and lose up to 35 percent of their body weight. Scottish researcher Dr. Peter Dun says food deprivation can last "until their combs turn blue" from lack of nutrition. To shock the birds' systems further, they are kept in total darkness for weeks on end.

As the days of torture go on, many birds—worth only pennies each to the factory farmer—die. The scared, confused survivors' crowded cages fill with rotting corpses and manure-covered feathers. The starving hens peck frantically at their entry feed trays, and

many resort to eating feathers. Forced molting also weakens hens' bones, resulting in fragile and broken limbs.

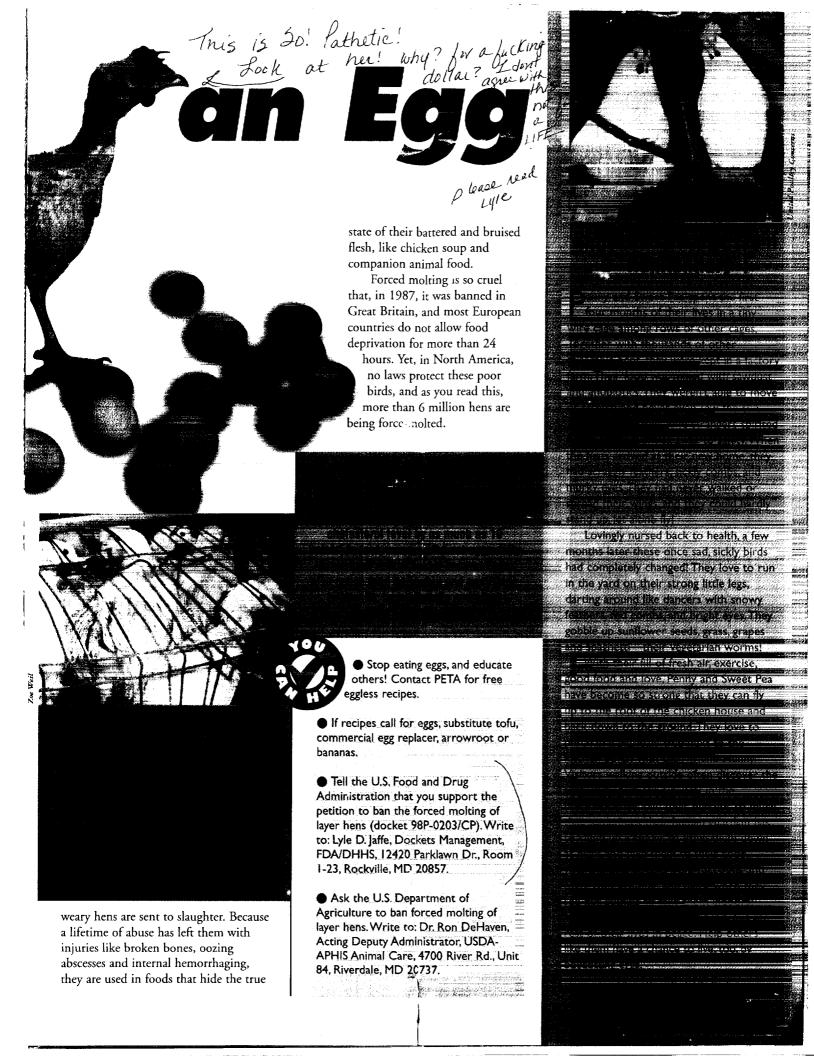
When egg production finally becomes too low to be profitable, the



The lives of today's hens are miserable enough to begin with: Hens used for their eggs are squeezed with up to five others into an indoor, wire cage with floor space the size of a folded newspaper! Born to flap their wings and walk around, these chickens are barely able to move; most can never even sit comfortably. To stop them from pecking at each other out of desperation, workers slice off the chicks' beaks with a hot blade, sometimes accidentally removing part of the birds' tongues or faces as well. But when egg production drops, at least 75 percent of the 260 million laying hens in North America endure another bizarre torment: Producers attempt to force one last laying cycle out of the exhausted spent hens before sending them to slaughter. They do it by cruelly and unnaturally forcing the hens into a "molt." In nature, hens replace old feathers with new ones every single year and spend about four months dropping old feathers and

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